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It's Working, Alaska...

ENDANGERED SPECIES ACT

Meet Alaska



ENDANGERED SPECIES ACT

- What is it?
 - How does it work?
- Why should you care?
- What are we doing about it?



"THE PITBULL OF ENVIRONMENTAL LAW"

- The stated purpose of the Endangered Species Act is to protect species and the ecosystems upon which they depend.
- Administered by two Federal Agencies: NMFS and USFWS
- The Basic Process:
 - (1) listing species as threatened or endangered
 - (2) designating critical habitat
 - (3) enforcing the prohibition on take of listed species



STEP ONE – THE "LISTING"

Identifying species for possible designation as endangered or threatened

- A citizen may petition the FWS or NMFS
- The Services may identify species through internal studies and discussions
- Must use the "best scientific and commercial data available" (I may end up talking quite a bit about the science...brace yourselves...)



ESA LISTING CRITERIA

- 1. Present or threatened destruction, modification, or curtailment of species range or habitat
- 2. Over-use for commercial, recreational, scientific, or educational purposes
- 3. Disease or predation
- 4. Inadequacy of existing regulatory mechanisms
- Other natural or man-made factors affecting continued existence of species



KEY DEFINITION – ENDANGERED SPECIES

 Any species in danger of extinction throughout all or a significant portion of its range







KEY DEFINITION – THREATENED SPECIES

Any species likely to become endangered in the foreseeable future



Bearded Seal (Erignathus barbatus)



ESA LISTINGS - ALASKA

8 marine mammals

- Polar bear
- Ringed Seal
- Bearded Seal (vacated)
- Northern sea otter (DPS)
- Steller sea lion (2 DPSs)
- Bowhead whale
- Fin whale
- Humpback whale
- Cook Inlet beluga whale (DPS)

• 4 birds

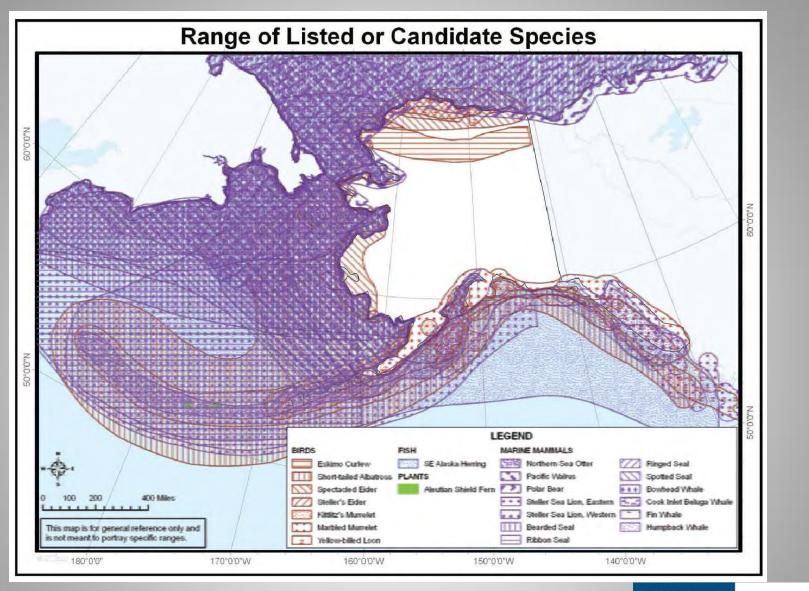
- Short-tailed albatross
- Spectacled eider
- Steller's eider (DPS)
- Eskimo curlew (extirpated)
- 1 terrestrial mammal
 - Canadian Lynx

- Others (uncommon)
 - Leatherback sea turtle
 - Blue whale
 - North Pacific right whale
 - Sei whale
 - Loggerhead sea turtle
 - Green sea turtle
 - Sperm whale
- Candidate species
 - Pacific walrus
 - Yellow-billed loon

1 plant

Aleutian shield fern







KEY DEFINITION – CRITICAL HABITAT

Specific geographic areas with physical and biological features essential to the conservation of a listed species and that may require special management



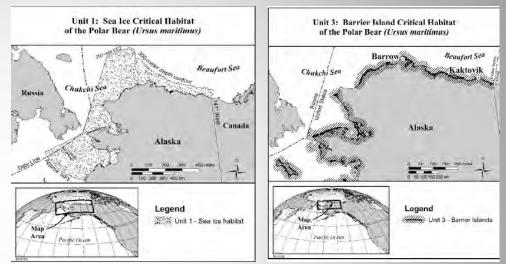
CRITICAL HABITAT

- Use best scientific data to identify areas essential to conservation of species, and that may require special management
- Economic impact analysis required; areas may be
 excluded from protection based upon that analysis and
 consideration of other relevant factors if benefits of
 exclusion outweigh benefits of designation
- Designation does not create a park or preserve, but does complicate activities within the habitat area



POLAR BEAR CRITICAL HABITAT

- Dec. 7, 2010 (75 FR 76086)
- 187,000 square miles
 - Sea ice habitat
 - Terrestrial denning habitat
 - Barrier Island habitat
- Service admits <u>no conservation</u> <u>benefit</u>
 - ESA and MMPA adequately protective
 - FWS will not use to regulate GHG emissions
- Service recognized O&G activities are not a threat







RINGED SEAL PROPOSED CRITICAL HABITAT



350,000 Square Miles



KEY DEFINITION - TAKE

- Includes harassing, harming, injuring or killing listed species
- Harm includes significant habitat alteration which actually kills or injures fish or wildlife by significantly impairing essential behavioral patterns



TAKINGS EXCEPTIONS

- Alaska Natives
 - for subsistence purposes
- Self Defense
 - actions to protect yourself or any human from bodily harm



CURRENT LITIGATION

- Bearded Seal ESA Listing
- Ringed Seal ESA Listing
- Polar Bear Critical Habitat Designation



BEARDED SEAL LISTING

- Entirely speculative
- Healthy and abundant population
- Vacated by the Alaska Federal District Court
- Currently in front of the Ninth Circuit



RINGED SEAL LISTING

- Similar to Bearded Seal Listing
- Healthy and abundant population
- Lawsuit to be initiated by end of 2014
- If successful, would result in the proposed critical habitat designation being vacated



POLAR BEAR CRITICAL HABITAT

- Prevailed at the Alaska District Court
- Currently on appeal in front of the Ninth Circuit
- Important precedent for future critical habitat designations



ENDANGERED SPECIES ACT TRENDS

- Alaska will be ground zero for Climate change regulations
- The USFWS and NMFS recently announced dramatic changes in the rules governing critical habitat determinations
- If finalized, these rules would allow for the designation of any area in Alaska, even if currently unoccupied by a protected species
- Climate change-based listings, and related critical habitat designations, for currently abundant arctic species, pose new resource use challenges



WHAT'S NEXT?

- The onus should be on science and data to drive regulatory scope and direction
- Reliable published data and analysis is essential. Actual data will demonstrate that conservatively biased assumptions are not reasonable.
- The State of Alaska can serve a critically important role in advancing science-based decision-making.

